



NAME: _____

MANAGING VERTEBRATE PESTS

CHAPTER 18

References: (1) MG Sustainable Gardening Handbook, Chapter 18

1. The most consistently effective mole-control device would be:
 - a. ultrasonic repeller
 - b. gas cartridges
 - b. mole bait
 - a. scissors-type trap

Reference:

Page Number:

2. What is the Townsend mole's main diet?
 - a. plants and roots
 - b. earthworms and grubs
 - c. mice and shrews
 - d. seeds and roots

Reference:

Page Number:

3. How are rats and mice best controlled?
 - a. tracking
 - b. using birds
 - c. using cats
 - d. eliminating food sources and shelter

Reference:

Page Number:

4. How should rodenticide be applied for a successful baiting program?
 - a. 2 lbs. placed in a corner
 - b. 4-6 oz. every 60 feet where rodent sign is found
 - c. two 1 lb. bait stations placed at opposite ends of area
 - d. whatever the pesticide label recommends

Reference:

Page Number:

5. Mountain beavers or mountain boomers are sometimes considered pests because:
- a. they sometimes damage rhododendrons by clipping off stems and branches
 - b. they cut down trees and flood areas by building dams
 - c. they make booming noises at night and keep people awake
 - d. none of the above

Reference:

Page Number:

6. How should repellents be used to slow deer browsing?

Reference:

Page Number:

7. What is the best way to keep deer out of gardens?
- a. deer fencing
 - b. leaving radio on in garden
 - c. dogs
 - d. using lion manure around edge

Reference:

Page Number:

8. Bats sometimes invade attics or wall voids. What is the best way to eliminate or prevent a bat problem?
- a. set traps
 - b. close possible entry points
 - c. eliminate food and shelter
 - d. poisons

Reference:

Page Number:

9. A method you can recommend as an acceptable way to reduce home-garden crop damage by crows would be:
- a. trapping
 - b. shooting
 - c. crop dusting
 - d. scare devices

Reference:

Page Number: