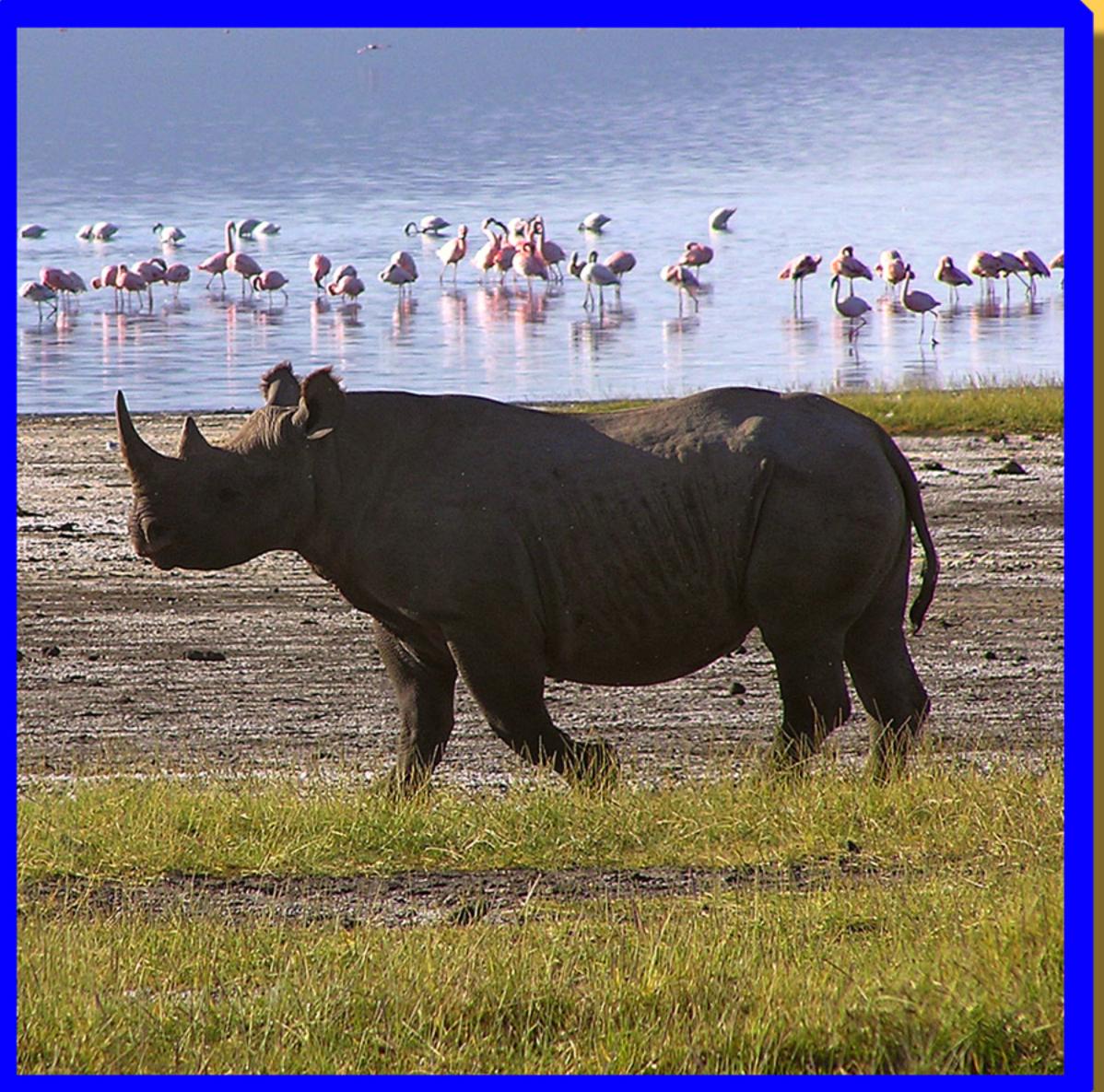
# RHINOS THE NOSE-HORNED FAMILY











White Rhinoceros (Ceratotherium simum)

WEIGHT: Over 6,000 pounds

LOCATION: Across Eastern and Central Africa

POPULATION: Around 18,000 left in the wild

**BEHAVIOR:** Social, living in groups of about six individuals

FUN FACT: They are called "white" from the dutch word "wijd" meaning "wide", describing their upper lips

# Black Rhinoceros (Diceros bicornis)

WEIGHT: About 3,000 pounds

LOCATION: Across Eastern and Central Africa

POPULATION: Over 5,000 left in the wild

BEHAVIOR: Solitary, often aggressive and territorial

FUN FACT: They have a hooked upper lip for eating leaves and branches

## Indian Rhinoceros (Rhinoceros unicornis)

WEIGHT: Around 6,000 pounds

LOCATION: Across Northern India and Nepal

POPULATION: Around 4,000 left in the wild

BEHAVIOR: Solitary, but not as aggressive as black rhinos FUN FACT: They have thick,

folded skin that resembles plated armor, as well as a single horn, giving them the name "greater one-horned rhino"

## Javan Rhinoceros (Rhinoceros sondaicus)

WEIGHT: Around 5,000 pounds

LOCATION: Found in Ujung Kulon National Park, Java POPULATION: Around 50 left

in the wild; one of the rarest large mammals on the planet

BEHAVIOR: Also thought to be solitary, but not much is known

FUN FACT: They are very similar in appearance to the Indian Rhino, but closer to the black rhino in size

## Sumatran Rhinoceros (Dicerorhinus sumatrensis)

WEIGHT: About 2,000 pounds

LOCATION: Found across Sumatra and in one site in Borneo

POPULATION: Around 34-37 left in the wild; another one of the rarest large mammals

**BEHAVIOR:** Solitary; much more vocal to communicate through dense jungles **FUN FACT:** They have reddis

FUN FACT: They have reddish and hairier skin than other rhinos and are the only Asian rhino with two horns, although both horns are much smaller

Fossils of prehistoric rhinos, along with differences in the DNA of living rhinos, help us to piece together the histor of the rhinoceros family tree.

The earliest rhino ancestors lived in northern Russia and Europe, and as one branch of rhinos spread further across Asia, the other moved downward and spread through Africa!





Rhinos once had a wider home range. The value of rhinoceros horn in foreign markets has made them a target of poaching, which is why their population numbers are now much lower and each living species been declared threatened or endangered.

To learn more about rhinos and what you can do to help them, scan the QR code!

This artifact is designed to be an infographic about the various living rhinoceros species at a zoo near the rhinoceros exhibit. It is designed to provide some facts and information about rhinos to zoo visitors and the general public.

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